

Comma Police: The Design and Implementation of a CSV Library

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JSON

YAML

XML

CSV

PSV

SV

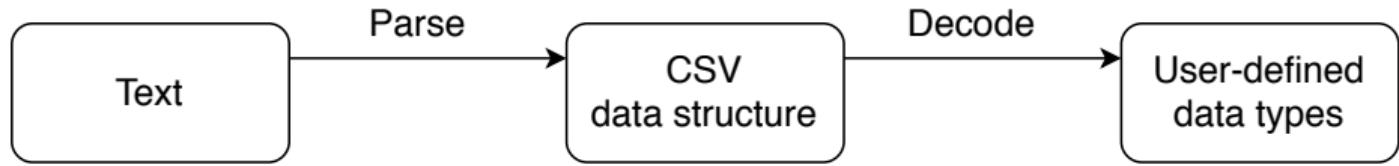
{CSV, PSV, ... } library for Haskell

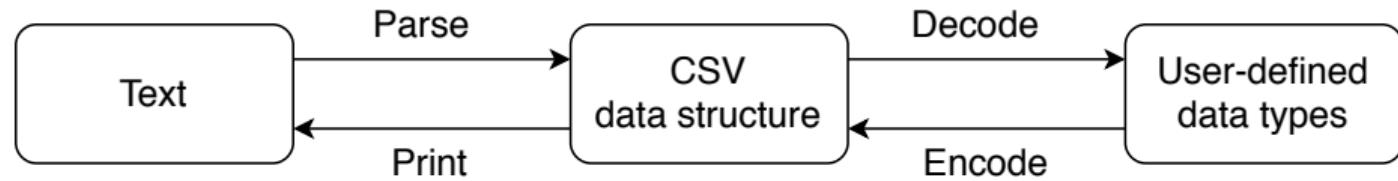
CSV

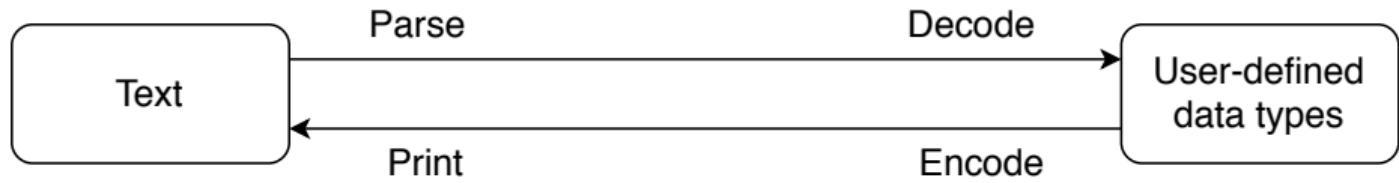
- Very popular format for data science
- Described *not standardised* by RFC 4180

example.csv

```
"id","species","count"  
1,"kangaroo",30  
2,"kookaburra",460  
3,"platypus",5
```







```
parse :: ByteString -> Either ByteString (Sv ByteString)
```

```
decode :: Decode s a -> Sv s -> DecodeValidation a
```

```
encodeSv :: Encode a -> [a] -> Sv ByteString
```

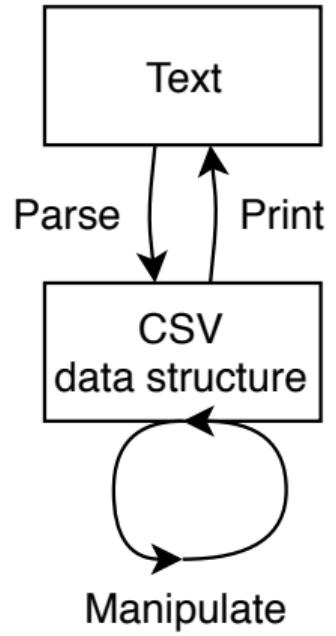
```
printSv :: Sv ByteString -> ByteString
```

Direct

- less memory allocated
- faster
- streaming made easier

Intermediate structure

- potential for better errors (often)
- make decisions based on the structure
- manipulate the tree to alter documents



needs-fixing.csv

```
'name', "age"  
"Frank", 30  
George, '25'  
"Harry", "32"
```

```
fixQuotes :: Sv s -> Sv s
fixQuotes =
    over headerFields fixQuote . over recordFields fixQuote
where
    headerFields = traverseHeader . fields
    recordFields = traverseRecords . fields

fixQuote :: Field a -> Field a
fixQuote f = case f of
    Unquoted a -> Quoted DoubleQuote (noEscape a)
    Quoted _ v -> Quoted DoubleQuote v
```

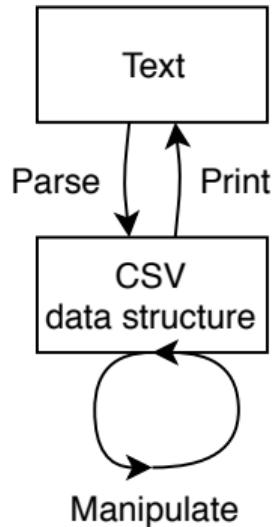
needs-fixing.csv

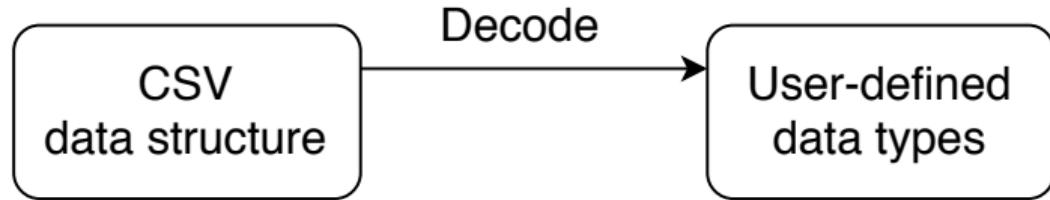
```
'name', "age"  
"Frank", 30  
George, '25'  
"Harry", "32"
```

fixed.csv

```
"name", "age"  
"Frank", "30"  
"George", "25"  
"Harry", "32"
```

Use sv to define custom linters and sanitisers





```
data Decode s a = ...
```

```
data Decode s a = ...

raw      :: Decode a a
ignore   :: Decode a ()
int      :: Decode ByteString Int
ascii    :: Decode ByteString String
text     :: Decode ByteString Text
```

```
data Decode s a = ...

raw      :: Decode a a
ignore   :: Decode a ()
int      :: Decode ByteString Int
ascii    :: Decode ByteString String
text     :: Decode ByteString Text
```

```
instance Functor (Decode s)
instance Applicative (Decode s)
instance Alt (Decode s) where
```

person.csv

```
"name", "age"  
"Frank", "30"  
"George", "25"  
"Harry", "32"
```

person.csv

```
"name", "age"  
"Frank", "30"  
"George", "25"  
"Harry", "32"
```

data Person = Person Text Int

person.csv

```
"name", "age"  
"Frank", "30"  
"George", "25"  
"Harry", "32"
```

```
data Person = Person Text Int
```

```
personD :: Decode ByteString Person  
personD = Person <$> text <*> int
```

ragged.csv

"George", "Wilson", 25

"Frank", 33

"Tim", 18

"John", "Smith", 45

ragged.csv

```
"George", "Wilson", 25  
"Frank", 33  
"Tim", 18  
"John", "Smith", 45
```

```
data Person  
= OneName Text Int  
| TwoNames Text Text Int
```

ragged.csv

```
"George", "Wilson", 25  
"Frank", 33  
"Tim", 18  
"John", "Smith", 45
```

```
data Person  
= OneName Text Int  
| TwoNames Text Text Int
```

```
personDecoder :: Decode Person  
personDecoder =  
  OneName <$> text <*> int  
<!> TwoNames <$> text <*> text <*> int
```

```
class Profunctor p where
    dimap :: (a -> b) -> (c -> d) -> p b c -> p a d

instance Profunctor Decode
```

```
class Profunctor p where
    dimap :: (a -> b) -> (c -> d) -> p b c -> p a d
```

```
instance Profunctor Decode
```

-- make a Decode work on a different string type

```
decoder :: Decode ByteString A
```

```
input :: Text
```

```
class Profunctor p where
    dimap :: (a -> b) -> (c -> d) -> p b c -> p a d
```

```
instance Profunctor Decode
```

-- make a Decode work on a different string type

```
decoder :: Decode ByteString A
```

```
input :: Text
```

```
encodeUtf8 :: Text -> ByteString
```

```
class Profunctor p where
    dimap :: (a -> b) -> (c -> d) -> p b c -> p a d
```

```
instance Profunctor Decode
```

-- make a Decode work on a different string type

```
decoder :: Decode ByteString A
```

```
input :: Text
```

```
encodeUtf8 :: Text -> ByteString
```

```
dimap encodeUtf8 id decoder :: Decode Text A
```

Why not a type class?

- A decoder is something I want to *manipulate*
- There are often many different ways to decode the same type

```
ignoreFailure :: Decode s a -> Decode s (Maybe a)
ignoreFailure a =
    Just <$> a
<!> Nothing <*> ignore
```

```
ignoreFailure :: Decode s a -> Decode s (Maybe a)
ignoreFailure a =
    Just <$> a
<!> Nothing <*> ignore
```

ints.csv

```
3
4
8.8
1
null
```

```
ignoreFailure :: Decode s a -> Decode s (Maybe a)
ignoreFailure a =
    Just <$> a
<!> Nothing <*> ignore
```

ints.csv

```
3
4
8.8
1
null
```

```
parseDecodeFromFile (ignoreFailure int) "ints.csv"
-- [Just 3, Just 4, Nothing, Just 1, Nothing]
```

```
-- succeeds with Nothing when
-- the underlying decoder fails
ignoreFailure :: Decode s a -> Decode s (Maybe a)

-- succeeds with Nothing only when
-- the field is completely empty
orEmpty :: Decode s a -> Decode s (Maybe a)

-- succeeds with Nothing only when
-- there is no field at all
optionalField :: Decode s a -> Decode s (Maybe a)
```

conferences.csv

```
"name", "date"  
"Compose Conf", 20170828  
"Compose Conf", 20180827  
"Lambda Jam", 20170508  
"Lambda Jam", 20180521
```

```
import Data.Thyme  
  
data Conference = Conf Text YearMonthDay
```

```
import Data.Thyme

data Conference = Conf Text YearMonthDay

ymdParser :: A.Parser YearMonthDay
ymdParser = buildTime <$.> timeParser defaultTimeLocale "%Y%m%d"
```

```
import Data.Thyme

data Conference = Conf Text YearMonthDay

ymdParser :: A.Parser YearMonthDay
ymdParser = buildTime <$> timeParser defaultTimeLocale "%Y%m%d"

trifecta    :: T.Parser a -> Decode ByteString a
attoparsec :: A.Parser a -> Decode ByteString a
```

```
import Data.Thyme

data Conference = Conf Text YearMonthDay

ymdParser :: A.Parser YearMonthDay
ymdParser = buildTime <$> timeParser defaultTimeLocale "%Y%m%d"

trifecta    :: T.Parser a -> Decode ByteString a
attoparsec :: A.Parser a -> Decode ByteString a

ymd :: Decode YearMonthDay
ymd = attoparsec ymdParser
```

```
import Data.Thyme

data Conference = Conf Text YearMonthDay

ymdParser :: A.Parser YearMonthDay
ymdParser = buildTime <$.> timeParser defaultTimeLocale "%Y%m%d"

trifecta    :: T.Parser a -> Decode ByteString a
attoparsec :: A.Parser a -> Decode ByteString a

ymd :: Decode YearMonthDay
ymd = attoparsec ymdParser

confD :: Decode ByteString Conference
confD = Conf <$.> text <*> ymd
```

sv uses error values

```
data DecodeError s
= UnexpectedEndOfRow
| ExpectedEndOfRow [Field s]
| BadParse s
| BadDecode s
...
```

```
onError :: Decode s a
  -> (DecodeErrors s -> Decode s a)
  -> Decode s a
```

Rather than Either for errors, sv uses the Validation data type

```
data Validation e a = Failure e | Success a
```

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```
data Validation e a = Failure e | Success a
```

```
instance Semigroup e => Applicative (Validation e)
```

Rather than Either for errors, sv uses the Validation data type

```
data Validation e a = Failure e | Success a
```

```
instance Semigroup e => Applicative (Validation e)
```

```
newtype DecodeErrors s =
  DecodeErrors (NonEmpty (DecodeError s))
deriving Semigroup
```

example.csv

"a", "b", "c"

example.csv

"a", "b", "c"

data Two = Two Int Int

example.csv

"a", "b", "c"

```
data Two = Two Int Int
```

```
twoD :: Decode ByteString Two
```

```
twoD = Two <$> int <*> int
```

example.csv

"a", "b", "c"

```
data Two = Two Int Int
```

```
twoD :: Decode ByteString Two
```

```
twoD = Two <$> int <*> int
```

```
parseDecodeFromFile twoD "example.csv"
```

example.csv

"a", "b", "c"

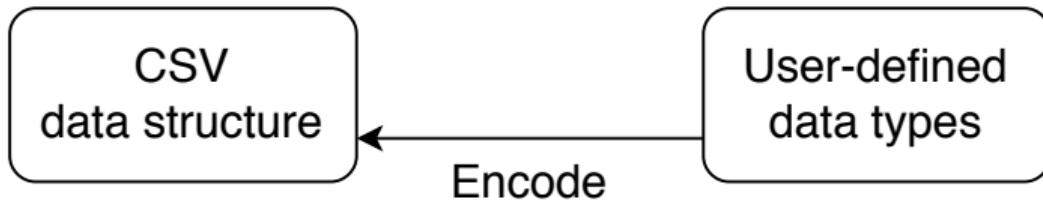
```
data Two = Two Int Int
```

```
twoD :: Decode ByteString Two
twoD = Two <$> int <*> int
```

```
parseDecodeFromFile twoD "example.csv"
```

```
Failure (DecodeErrors (
    BadDecode "Couldn't parse \"a\" as an int" :|
    [ BadDecode "Couldn't parse \"b\" as an int"
    , ExpectedEndOfRow ["c"]
    ]
))
```

What about encoding?



```
data Encode a = ...
```

```
data Encode a = ...  
  
int    :: Encode Int  
double :: Encode Double  
string :: Encode String  
const   :: ByteString -> Encode a  
encodeOf :: Prism' s a -> Encode a -> Encode s
```

```
data Encode a = ...

int    :: Encode Int
double :: Encode Double
string :: Encode String
const   :: ByteString -> Encode a
encodeOf :: Prism' s a -> Encode a -> Encode s

instance Semigroup      (Encode a)

instance Contravariant  Encode
instance Divisible       Encode
instance Decidable       Encode
```

Is it fast?

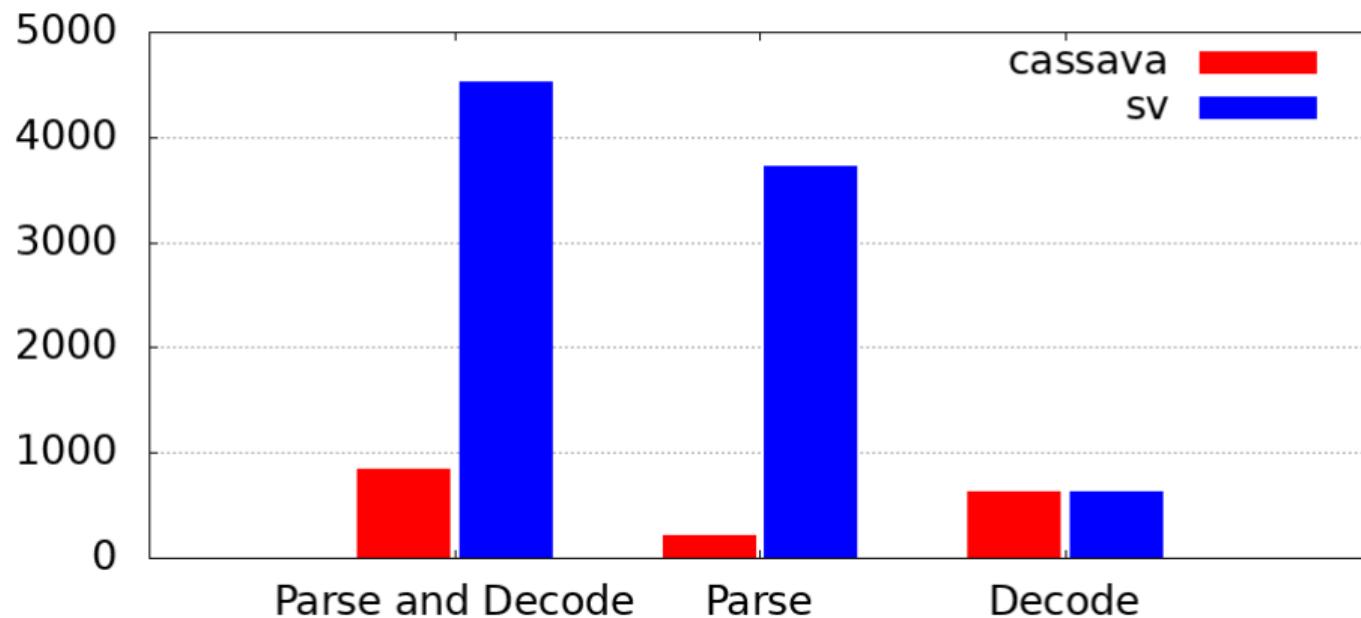
Is it fast?

No

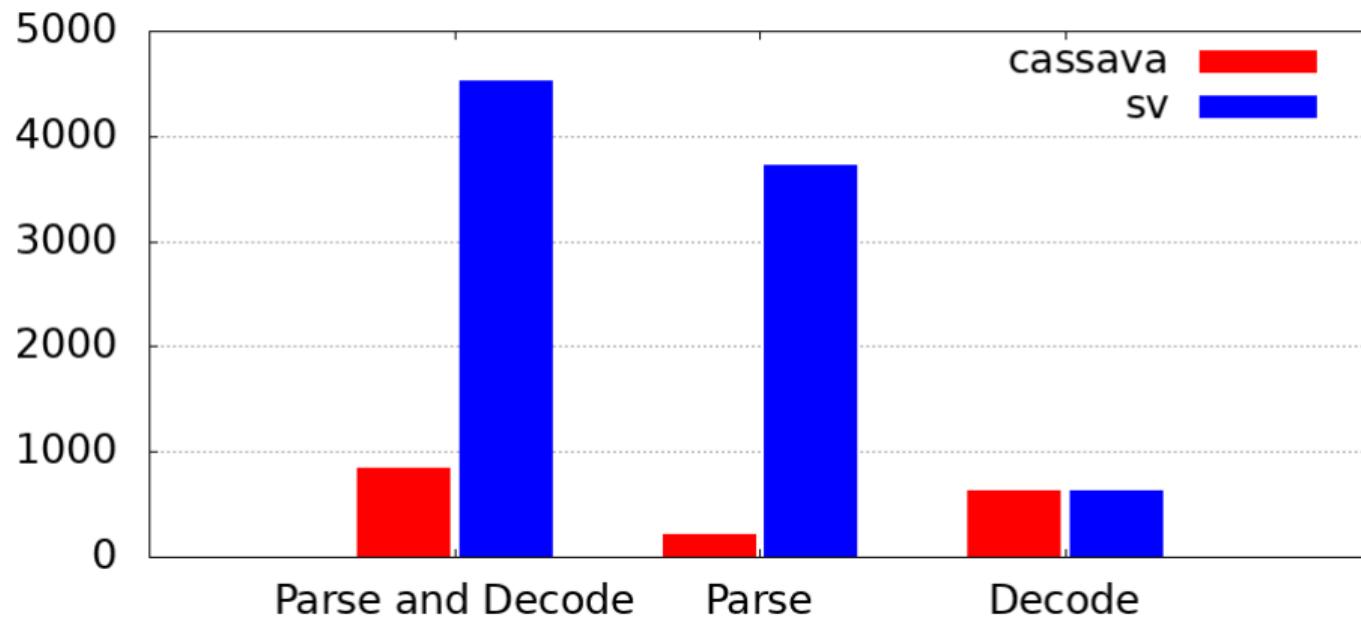
Benchmarks

- Benchmarked with a 100,000 line
- Text, ints, doubles, products, sums
- cassava vs. sv (instantiated to attoparsec)

Time in milliseconds (lower is better)



Time in milliseconds (lower is better)



Use sv-cassava for now

Noteworthy limitations as at 2018-05-23

- No column-name-based decoding
- Errors don't report source-file positions
- No streaming
- Performance needs work (particularly in parsing)

Contributions to sv are welcome.

Do you have a crazy CSV file to challenge sv?

Contact me at george.wilson@data61.csiro.au

References

- **sv library**

<https://github.com/qfpl/sv>

<https://github.com/qfpl/sv-cassava>

- **validation data type**

<https://hackage.haskell.org/package/validation>

<https://hackage.haskell.org/package/either>

- **CSV RFC**

<https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4180>

- **Hedgehog**

<https://hackage.haskell.org/package/hedgehog>

Thanks for listening!